

# MAKING THE MOST OF 2.2

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# PACKING IN THE GOOD

- 2.0.0 was release October 18, 2011
- Since then 2.1, 2.2, and 2.3 have been released or started.
- Over 20 releases since 2.0.0.
- Highest release velocity ever for CakePHP.

# FOCUS ON PROBLEMS

We've tried to keep releases focused on solving real world problems developers have everyday.

Make upgrading as easy as possible.

# VIEW BLOCKS

## PROBLEM

- Multiple similar views would often contain repeated structural HTML.
- Apps suffered from element-itis to keep HTML DRY.
- Piles of elements make code hard to follow and understand.

- Inspired by blocks in Jinja/Twig.
- Allows you to create slots/blocks in layouts or parent templates.
- Helps keep views/layouts more DRY by letting you create extensible HTML content.
- Replaces annoying magic variables like `$scripts_for_layout` and `$content_for_layout`.

# EXAMPLE

Parent wrapper view with a child view

# PARENT VIEW

```
<h1 class="content-title"><?= $this->fetch('title'); ?></h1>
<div class="content">
<?= $this->fetch('content'); ?>
</div>
<div class="sidebar">
<?= $this->fetch('sidebar'); ?>
</div>
<?php if ($this->fetch('pagination')): ?>
<div class="pagination">
<?= $this->fetch('pagination'); ?>
</div>
<?php endif; ?>
```

# CHILD VIEW

```
<?php $this->extend('../common/sidebar.ctp'); ?>
<?php $this->assign('title', 'Product list'); ?>
<?php $this->start('content'); ?>
<p>This is the content</p>
<?php $this->end(); ?>

<?php $this->start('sidebar'); ?>
<p>This is a sidebar</p>
<?php $this->end(); ?>
```



# JSON & XML VIEWS

## PROBLEM

- Previously creating JSON and XML views that just serialized data was a pain.
- Tons of repetitive views and layout files required.

- Two view classes that allow you to easily serialize data for simple uses.
- Special `_serialize` view variable defines which view variables should be serialized.
- You can also use normal view files if you need to massage data first.
- Integrates well with existing features like exception handling and `RequestHandlerComponent`.

# EXAMPLE

```
<?php
// In a controller.
function index() {
    $this->set('tasks', $this->paginate());
    $this->set('_serialize', array('tasks'));
}
```

# HASH CLASS

## PROBLEM

- `Set` is full of inconsistencies. Both in the API and path selector syntax.
- `Set::extract()` while powerful, is slow and insane inside.
- xpath-ish syntax full of un-fixable bugs and not supported in most methods.

- Hash implements >90% of Set's API.
- All methods have a consistent signature.
- The same dot notation features are supported everywhere.
- Up to 1.6x faster on extract().
- Most methods are faster as well.

# PERFORMANCE COMPARISONS

Do a similar operation 1000 times, on the same data.

Hash::extract(\$d, '{n}.Article.id') 0.215131998

Set::extract('/Article/id', \$d) 0.23719382

1.1x improvement

Hash::extract(\$d, '{n}.Comment.{n}.id') 0.173635005

Set::extract('/Comment/id', \$d) 0.201920986

1.1x improvement



Hash::maxDimensions(\$d)

0.075587987

Set::countDim(\$d, true)

0.575523138

7.6x improvement

# API CONSISTENCY

- Every method takes an array of data as the first argument.
- Second argument is always one or more paths.
- A consistent API is easier to document, understand and remember.

# CAKETIME & CAKENUMBER

## PROBLEM

- `TimeHelper`, `NumberHelper` and `TextHelper` have some very useful methods.
- But they are all trapped in a helper.

- Expose non HTML related features as a utility library.
- Greatly improve timezone handling.
- New features for testing & working with datetimes.

# EXAMPLE

```
<?php
App::uses('CakeTime', 'Utility');
App::uses('CakeNumber', 'Utility');

$utc = CakeTime::toServer($datetime, 'America/Toronto');
$today = CakeTime::isToday($timestamp);

$result = CakeNumber::toReadableSize($oneTerabyte);
```

# LOGGING++

## PROBLEM

- Granular logging based on application section was impossible.
- Log messages were simply broadcast to every connected logger.

- Borrowed idea of logging 'scopes' from python's `logging` module.
- Log messages can be tagged with scopes.
- Only loggers interested in those scopes will get scoped messages.

# ATTACH A LOGGER WITH A SCOPE

```
<?php
CakeLog::config('payments', array(
    'engine' => 'Email'
    'scopes' => array('payments', 'billing'),
    'to' => 'mark@example.com'
));
```



# LOG MESSAGES WITH A SCOPE

```
<?php
try {
    $gateway->process($payment);
} catch (PaymentException $e) {
    CakeLog::error(
        'Transaction failed ' . $e->getMessage(),
        array('payments', 'billing')
    );
}
```

**NOW TO JOSE**